

SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL

Original Instructions

EVOLUTION

OPTIMIZED PERFORMANCE

Certified Quality



intertek

Total Quality. Assured.

ISO 9001 Certified

ISO 14001 Certified

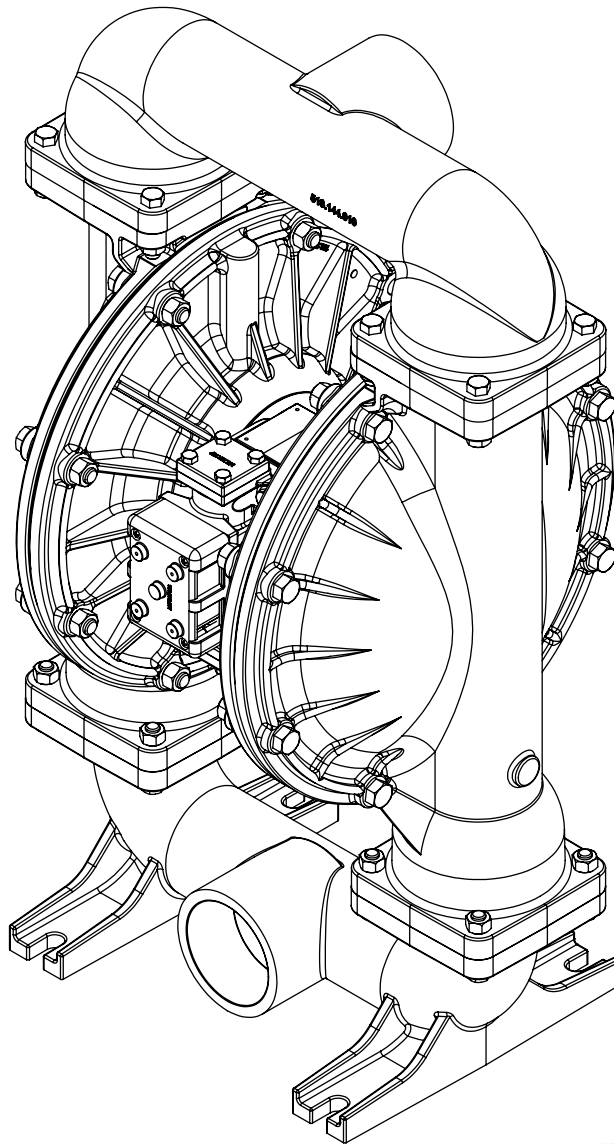


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Model SLD30

Metallic Design Level 1



1: PUMP SPECS

2: INSTAL & OP

3: EXP VIEW

4: AIR END

5: WET END

6: WARRANTY

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Safety Information

! IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

! CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



WARNING

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



WARNING

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

! WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners and piping connections are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

ATEX Pumps - Conditions For Safe Use

1. Ambient temperature range is as specified in tables 1 to 3 on the next page (per Annex I of DEKRA 18ATEX0094X)
2. ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes
3. **Non-Metallic ATEX Pumps only — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page**
Conductive Polypropylene, conductive Acetal or conductive PVDF pumps are not to be installed in applications where the pumps may be subjected to oil, greases and hydraulic liquids.
4. The optionally provided solenoids shall be protected by a fuse corresponding to its rated current (max 3*I_{rat} according to EN 60127) or by a motor protecting switch with short circuit and thermal instantaneous tripping (set to the rated current) as short circuit protection. For solenoids with a very low rated current, a fuse with the lowest current value according to the indicated standard will be sufficient. The fuse may be accommodated in the associated supply unit or shall be separately arranged. The rated voltage of the fuse shall be equal or greater than the stated rated voltage of the solenoid. The breaking capacity of the fuse shall be as high as or higher than the maximum expected short circuit current at the location of the installation (usually 1500 A). The maximum permissible ripple is 20% for all dc solenoids.
***Not applicable for all pump models — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page**
5. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN ISO 80079-36 : 2016 section 6.7.5 table 8, the following protection methods must be applied
- Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
- Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running.
6. Pumps provided with the pulse output kit and used in the potentially explosive atmosphere caused by the presence of the combustible dust shall be installed in such a way that the pulse output kit is protected against impact
***Not applicable for all pump models — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page**

Temperature Tables

Table 1. Category 1 & Category 2 ATEX Rated Pumps

Ambient Temperature Range [°C]	Process Temperature Range [°C] ¹	Temperature Class	Maximum Surface Temperature [°C]
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +80°C	T5	T100°C
	-20°C to +108°C	T4	T135°C
	-20°C to + 160°C	T3	T200°C
	-20°C to +177°C	(225°C) T2	

¹Per CSA standards ANSI LC6-2018 US & Canadian Technical Letter R14, G-Series Natural Gas Models are restricted to (-20°C to + 80°C) process temperature

Table 2. Category 2 ATEX Rated Pumps Equipped with Pulse Output Kit or Integral Solenoid:

Ambient Temperature Range [°C]	Process Temperature Range [°C]	Temperature Class	Maximum Surface Temperature [°C]	Options	
				Pulse Output Kit	Integral Solenoid
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +100°C	T5	T100	X	
-20°C to +50°C	-20°C to +100°C	T5	T100		X

²ATEX Pulse output or Integral Solenoid Not Available For All Pump Models See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page

Table 3. Category M1 ATEX Rated Pumps for Mining

Ambient Temperature Range [°C]	Process Temperature Range [°C]
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +150°C

Note: The ambient temperature range and the process temperature range should not exceed the operating temperature range of the applied non-metallic parts as listed in the manuals of the pumps.

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Explanation of Pump Nomenclature

Your Model #:
(fill in from pump nameplate)

SL

D

30

B

0

M

Pump Brand

Product Line

Pump Size

Check Valve Type

Wetted Material

Non-Wetted Material

Diaphragm Material

Backup Diaphragm

Check Valve Material

Seat Material

Air Valve

Air Valve Option

Exhaust Option

Port Type

Port Option

Design Level

PUMP BRAND

SL SANDPIPER Lithium

PRODUCT LINE

D Standard Duty AODD Pump

PUMP SIZE

30 3"

CHECK VALVE TYPE

B Ball Valve

WET END MATERIALS

S Stainless Steel

NON-WETTED MATERIAL

Y Aluminum with SST Fasteners

DIAPHRAGM MATERIAL

T PTFE

R Santoprene

BACKUP DIAPHRAGM

0 None

R Santoprene

CHECK VALVE MATERIAL

R Santoprene

T PTFE

SEAT MATERIAL

E EPDM

T PTFE

AIR VALVE

0 SANDPIPER Standard ESADS

AIR VALVE OPTION

0 None

EXHAUST OPTION

1 Encapsulated Conductive Polypropylene

PORT TYPE

B BSPT

N NPT

U Universal Flange (Fits ANSI & DIN)

PORT OPTION

M Center Ported

DESIGN LEVEL

1 Design Level

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate) _____

ATEX Detail



II 2 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Gb
II 2 D Ex h IIC T100°C...T200°C Db

Performance

SLD30 METALLIC

1: PUMP SPECS

SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

- 3" NPT or 3" BSP Tapered
- 3" ANSI Flange or 3" DIN Flange

CAPACITY

- 0 to 285 gallons per minute (0 to 1,078 liters per minute)

AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

- No-lube, no-stall design

SOLIDS-HANDLING

- Up to .38 in. (9.65mm)

HEADS UP TO

- 125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.6 Kg/cm² or 86 meters)

DISPLACEMENT/STROKE

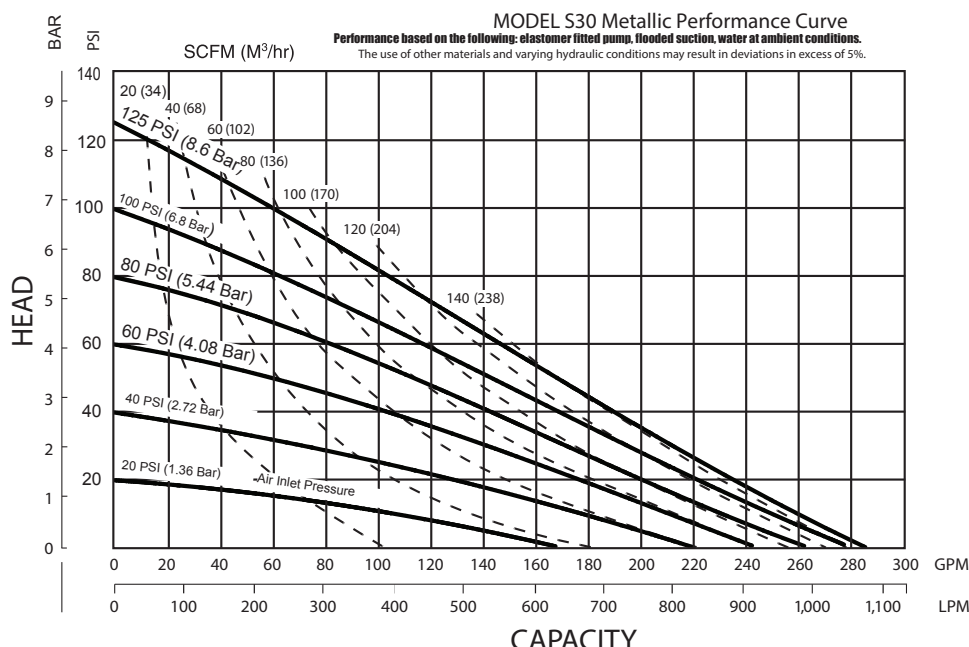
- 1.00 Gallon / 3.79 liter

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

- 125 psi (8.6 bar)

SHIPPING WEIGHT

- Aluminum 116 lbs. (53kg)
- Cast Iron 215 lbs. (98kg)
- Stainless Steel 194 lbs. (87kg)



Materials

Material Profile:	Operating Temperatures:	
	Max.	Min.
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:		
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C
EPDM: Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C
FKM: (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C
Neoprene: All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C
Nylon: 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C

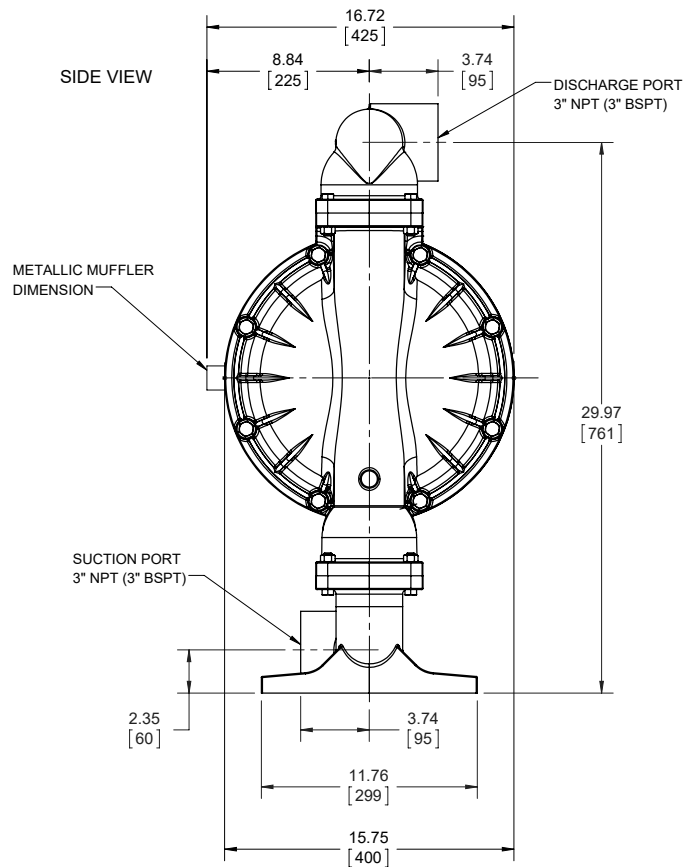
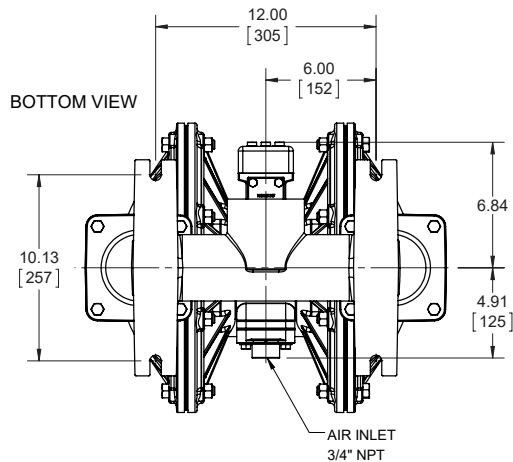
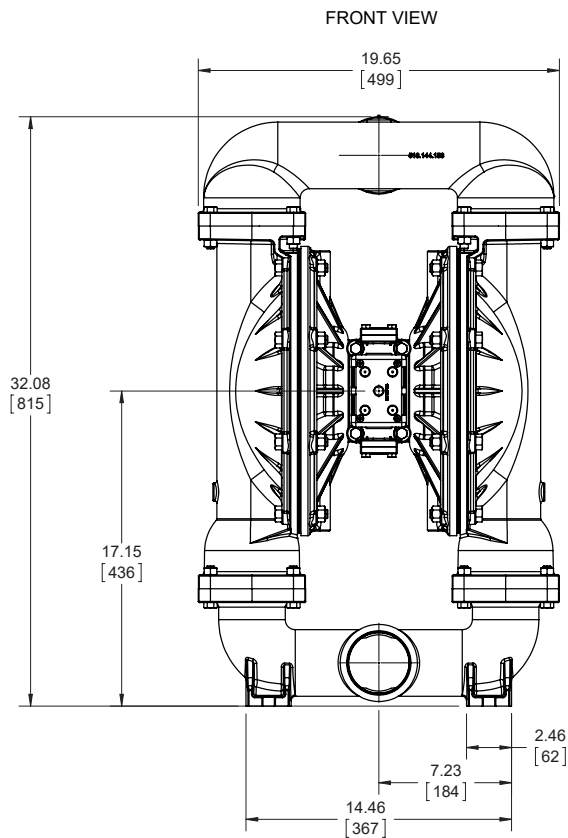
Polypropylene: A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists strong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
PVDF: (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Santoprene®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
UHMW PE: A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C
Urethane: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C
Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C
<i>Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.</i>		
Metals:		
Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.		
Stainless Steel: Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.		

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

Dimensional Drawings

SLD30 Metallic, Threaded Ports

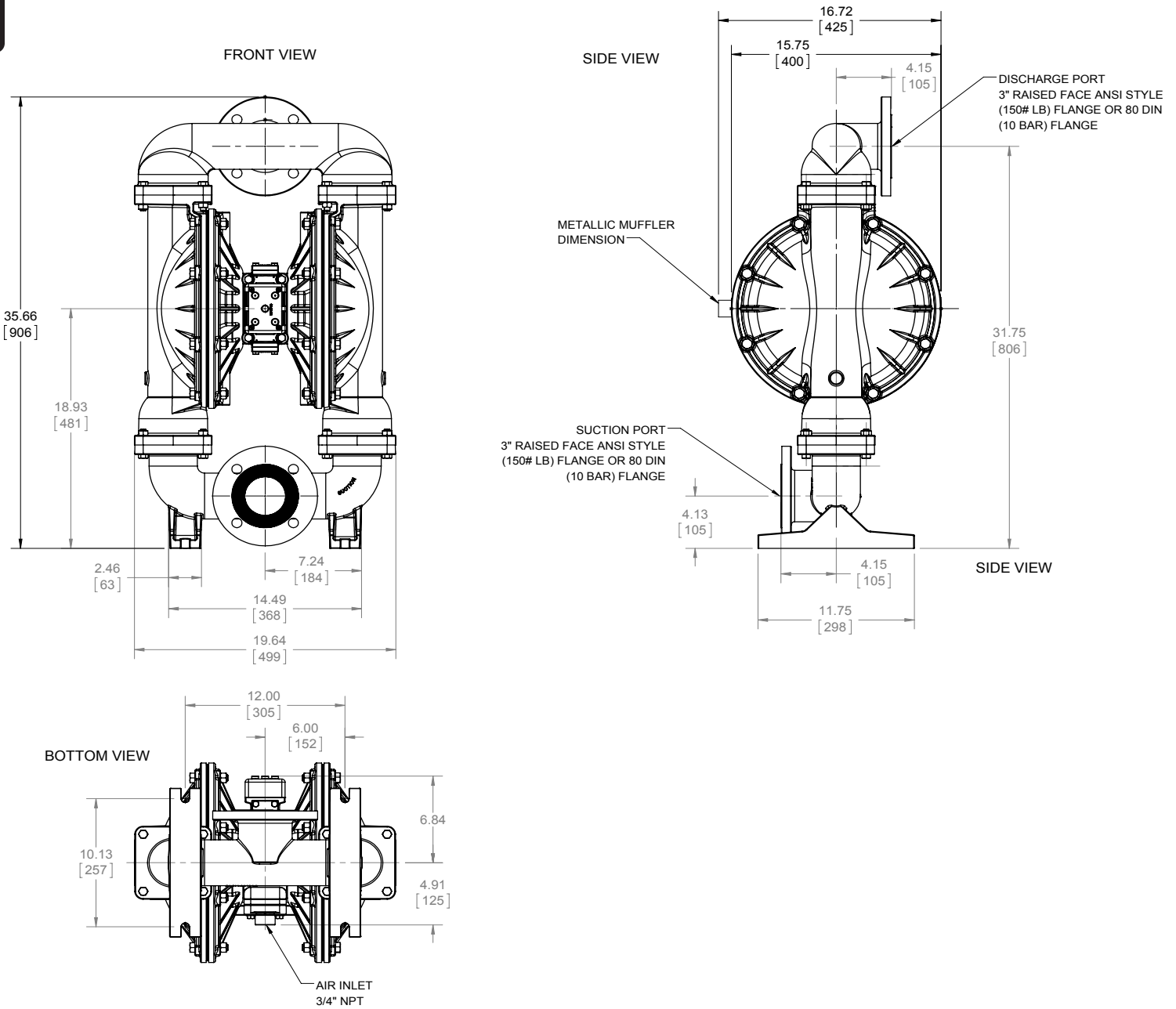
Dimensional Tolerance: $\pm 1/8"$ [$\pm 3\text{mm}$]



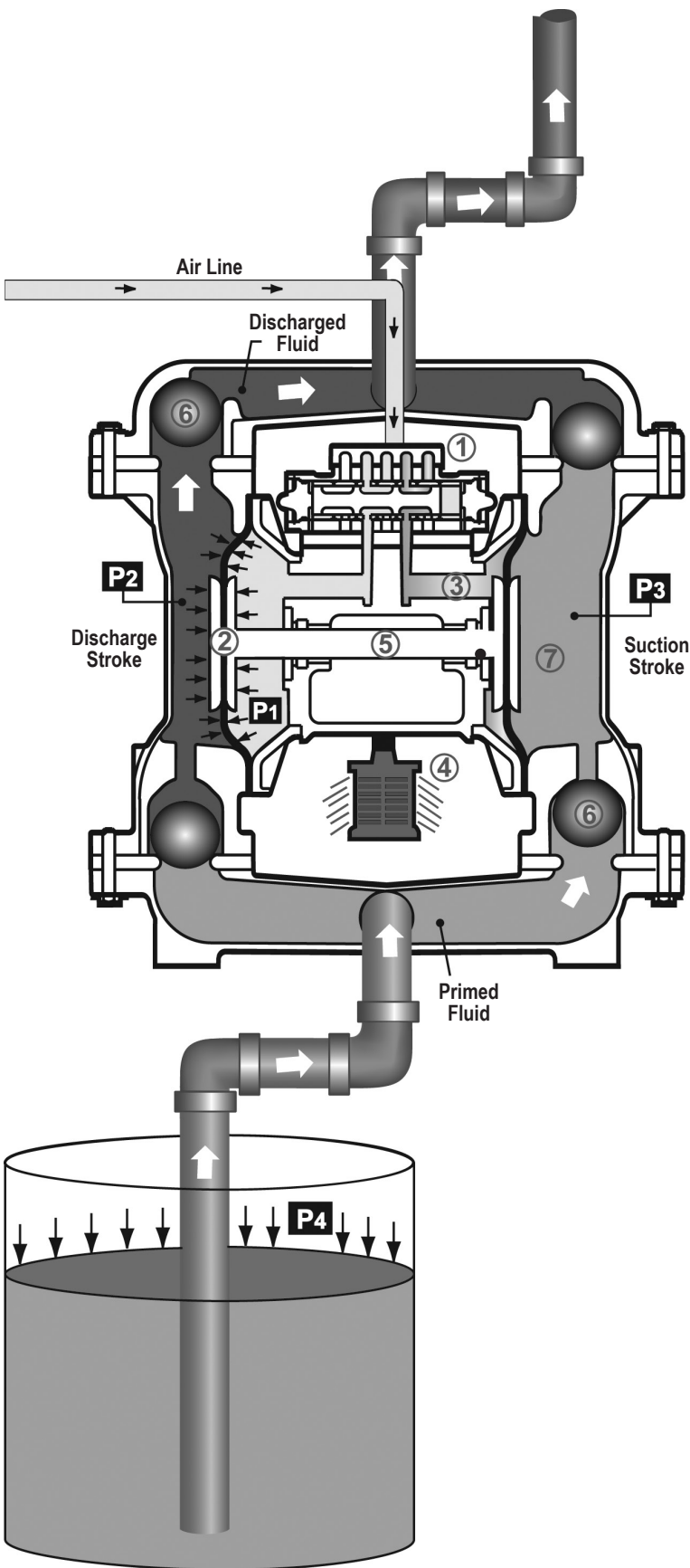
Dimensional Drawings

SLD30 Metallic, Flanged Ports

Dimensions in Inches. Dimensional Tolerance: $\pm 1/8"$ [$\pm 3\text{mm}$]



Principle of Pump Operation



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

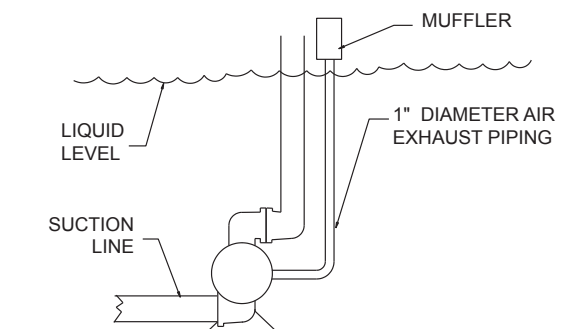
The main directional (air) control valve distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm. At the same time, the exhausting air from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port.

As inner chamber pressure (**P1**) exceeds liquid chamber pressure (**P2**), the rod connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap) orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure (**P3**) increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure (**P4**) to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber.

Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

SUBMERGED ILLUSTRATION



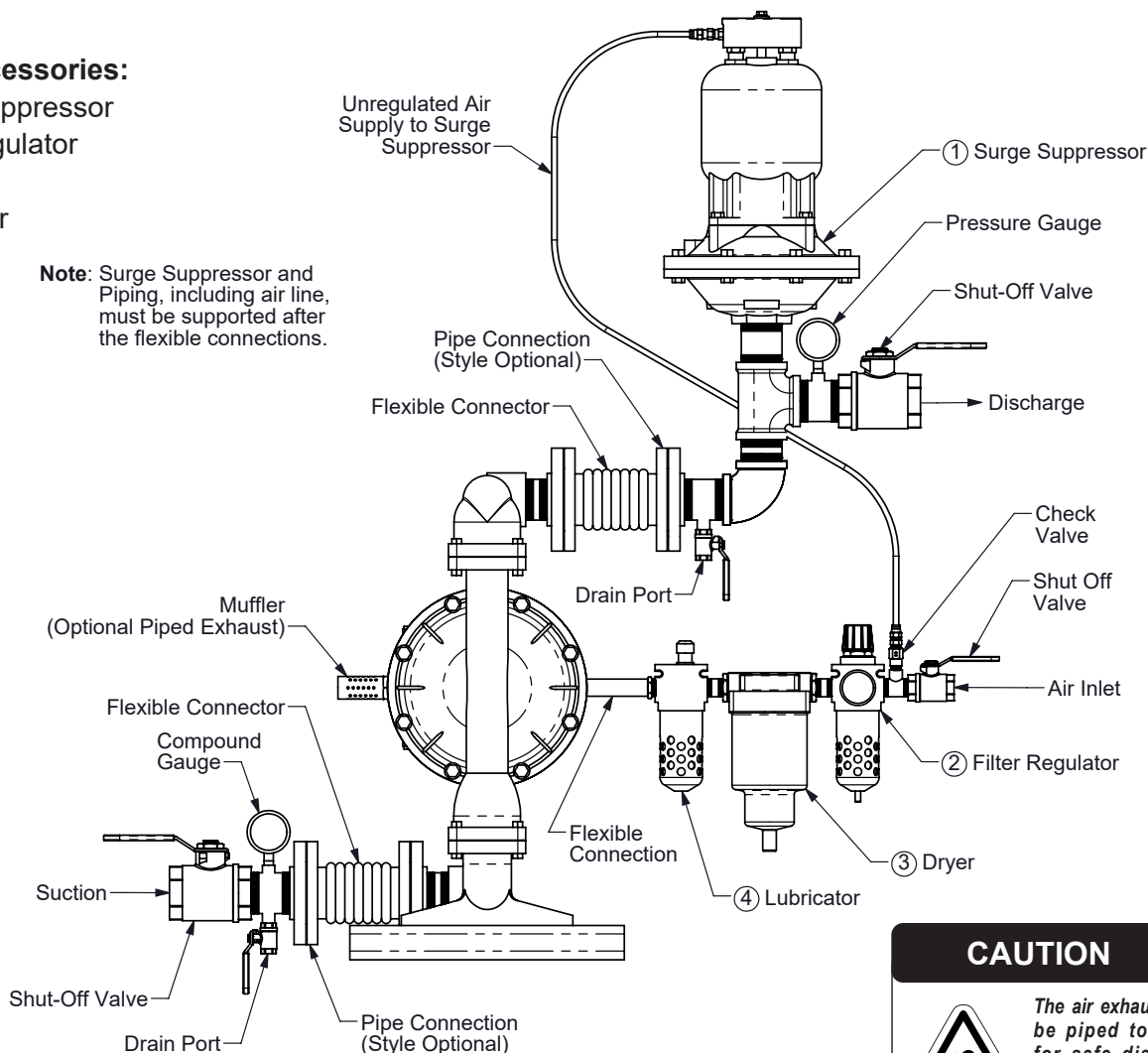
Pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.

Recommended Installation Guide

Available Accessories:

1. Surge Suppressor
2. Filter/Regulator
3. Air Dryer
4. Lubricator

Note: Surge Suppressor and Piping, including air line, must be supported after the flexible connections.



CAUTION



The air exhaust should be piped to an area for safe disposition of the product being pumped, in the event of a diaphragm failure.

Installation And Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate **WITHOUT** lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is desired, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

Air Line Moisture

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

Air Inlet And Priming

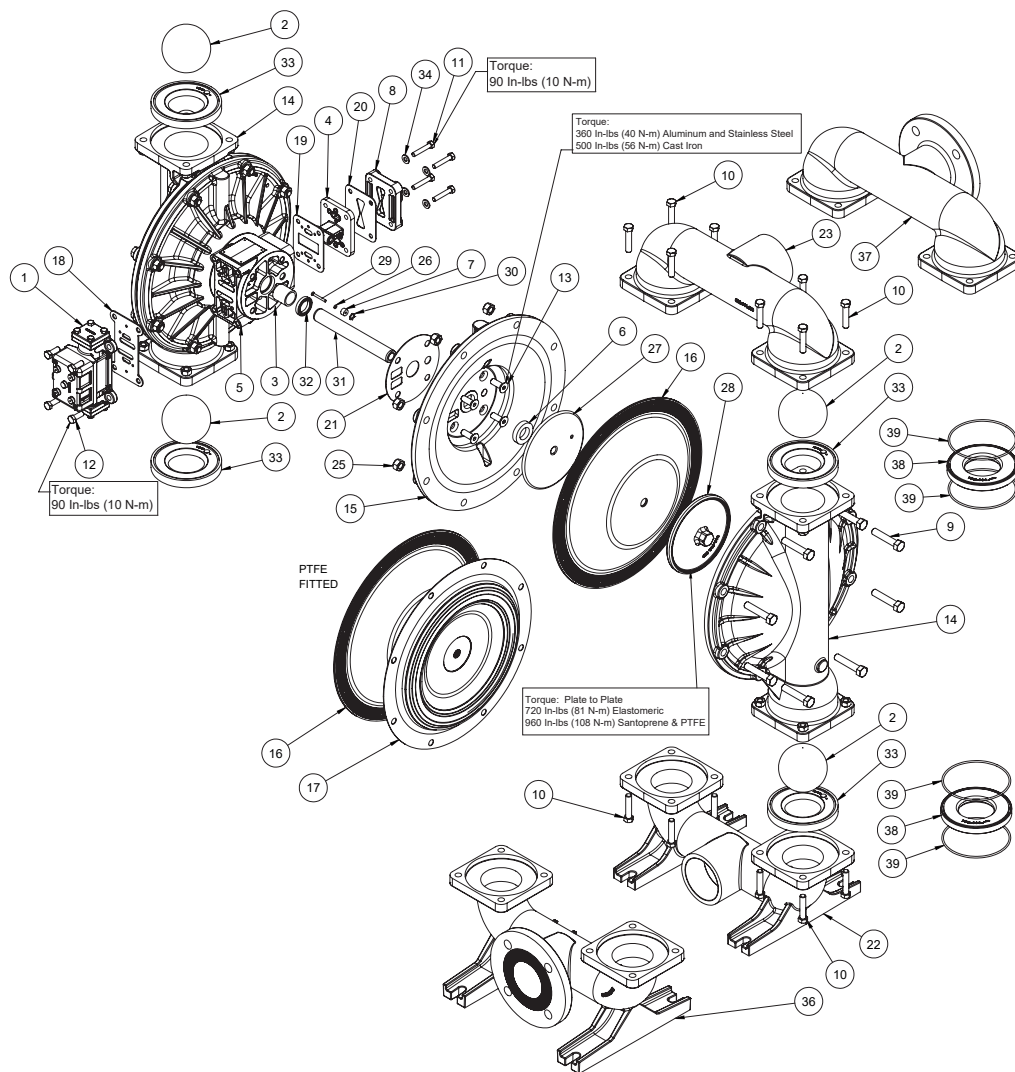
To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.
	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.
Pump Will Not Operate / Cycle	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. CFM required).
	Check air distribution system.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.
	Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.
Pump Cycles and Will Not Prime or No Flow	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).
	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Valve ball(s) / seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
Pump Cycles Running Sluggish / Stalling, Flow Unsatisfactory	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.
	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.
Product Leaking Through Exhaust	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.
	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
Premature Diaphragm Failure	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.
	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388

Composite Repair Parts Drawing



Service & Repair Kits

- 476-227-001 Air End Kit (Aluminum Center)**
Air Valve Assembly, Pilot Valve Assembly, Seals, O-Rings, Gaskets, Plungers.
- 476-171-360 Wet End Kit**
Nitrile Diaphragms, Balls, and Seats.
- 476-171-656 Wet End Kit**
Santoprene Diaphragms, Balls and EPDM Seats.
- 476-171-364 Wet End Kit**
EPDM Diaphragms, Balls and Seats.
- 476-171-365 Wet End Kit**
Neoprene Diaphragms, Balls, and Seats.
- 476-171-633 Wet End Kit**
FKM Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seats.

- 476-171-635 Wet End Kit**
Neoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlay, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seats.
- 476-171-644 Wet End Kit**
Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seats
- 476-171-654 Wet End Kit**
Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlays, PTFE Balls, PTFE Seats.
- 475-217-000 Micsection Conversion Kit**
(Replaces Aluminum Midsection with Cast Iron Components) Air Inlet Cap, Intermediate Bracket, Inner Chambers, and Inner Diaphragm Plates.

Composite Repair Parts List

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
①	031.173.002	Air Valve Assembly (000 muffler w/ SS hardware)	1
②	050.014.354	Ball, Check - Santoprene	4
	050.014.351	Ball, Check - Food Grade Santoprene	4
	050.014.360	Ball, Check - Buna	4
	050.014.360W	Ball, Check - Buna (weighted)	4
	050.014.364W	Ball, Check - EPDM (weighted)	4
	050.014.365	Ball, Check - Neoprene	4
	050.014.365W	Ball, Check - Neoprene (weighted)	4
	050.015.600	Ball, Check - PTFE	4
	070.006.571	Bushing, Intermediate (included in item #5)	2
3	095.110.000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
④	114.024.002	Intermediate (w/ aluminum center)	1
5	132.035.357	Bumper, Diaphragm	2
⑥	135.034.506	Bushing, Plunger	2
⑦	165.159.157	Cap, Air Inlet (w/ aluminum center)	1
8	165.159.010	Cap, Air Inlet (w/ cast iron center)	1
	165.159.110	Cap, Air Inlet (w/ stainless center)	1
9	170.055.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/2-13 X 2.50 (w/ SS hardware)	16
10	170.060.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 7/16-14 x 2.00 (w/ SS hardware)	16
11	170.069.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/16-18 x 1.75 (w/ SS hardware)	4
12	170.006.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 3/8-18 X 1.00 (w/ SS hardware)	4
13	171.059.115	Capscrew, Soc-Flat Hd 7/16-14 x 1.25 (w/ aluminum center, w/ stainless hardware)	8
14	196.200.156	Chamber, Outer (w/ aluminum wetted)	2
	196.164.110	Chamber, Outer (w/ stainless wetted)	2
	196.164.112	Chamber, Outer (w/ hastelloy wetted)	2
15	196.165.156	Chamber, Inner (w/ aluminum center-sand cast)	2
	196.165.157	Chamber, Inner (w/ aluminum center-die cast)	2
①⑥	286.098.354	Diaphragm - Santoprene	2
	286.098.360	Diaphragm - Buna	2
	286.098.363	Diaphragm - FKM (Viton)	2
	286.098.364	Diaphragm - EPDM	2
	286.098.365	Diaphragm - Neoprene	2
	286.098.604	Diaphragm, Overlay - PTFE	2
①⑦	360.093.360	Gasket, Air Valve	1
①⑧	360.114.360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1
①⑨	360.104.379	Gasket, Air Inlet Cap	1
②①	360.105.360	Gasket, Inner Chamber	2
22	518.143.156	Manifold, Suction - NPT (w/ aluminum wetted)	1
	518.143.110	Manifold, Suction - NPT (w/ stainless wetted)	1
	518.143.112	Manifold, Suction - NPT (w/ hastelloy wetted)	1
	518.143.156E	Manifold, Suction - BSPT (w/ aluminum wetted)	1
	518.143.110E	Manifold, Suction - BSPT (w/ stainless wetted)	1
	518.143.112E	Manifold, Suction - BSPT (w/ hastelloy wetted)	1

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
23	518.144.156	Manifold, Discharge - NPT (w/ alum wetted)	1
	518.144.110	Manifold, Discharge - NPT (w/ stainless wetted)	1
	518.144.112	Manifold, Discharge - NPT (w/ hastelloy wetted)	1
	518.144.156E	Manifold, Discharge - BSPT (w/ alum wetted)	1
	518.144.110E	Manifold, Discharge - BSPT (w/ stainless wetted)	1
	518.144.112E	Manifold, Discharge - BSPT (w/ hastelloy wetted)	1
24	545.007.115	Nut, Hex 7/16-14 (w/ stainless hardware)	16
25	545.008.115	Nut, Hex 1/2-13 (w/ stainless hardware)	16
②⑥	560.001.360	O-ring	2
27	612.192.157	Plate, Inner Diaphragm (w/ aluminum center)	2
28	612.194.157	Plate, Outer Diaphragm (w/ aluminum wetted)	2
	612.194.110	Plate, Outer Diaphragm (w/ stainless wetted)	2
	612.194.112	Plate, Outer Diaphragm (w/ hastelloy wetted)	2
②⑨	620.020.115	Plunger, Actuator	2
③①	675.042.115	Ring, Retaining	2
31	685.040.120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
③②	720.004.360	Seal, Diaphragm Rod U-Cup	2
③③	722.090.360	Seat, Check Ball - Buna	4
	722.090.363	Seat, Check Ball - FKM (Viton)	4
	722.090.364	Seat, Check Ball - EPDM	4
	722.090.365	Seat, Check Ball - Neoprene	4
	722.090.550	Seat, Check Ball - UHMW	4
	722.090.600	Seat, Check Ball - PTFE	4
34	901.038.330	Washer, Flat 5/16	4
	901.038.115	Washer, Flat 5/16 (w/ stainless hardware)	4
36	518.171.156	Manifold, Suction - ANSI Style Flanged (aluminum)	1
	518.171.110	Manifold, Suction - ANSI Style Flanged (stainless)	1
	518.171.156E	Manifold, Suction - DIN Style Flanged (aluminum)	1
	518.171.110E	Manifold, Suction - DIN Style Flanged (stainless)	1
37	518.172.156	Manifold, Discharge - ANSI Style Flanged (aluminum)	1
	518.172.110	Manifold, Discharge - ANSI Style Flanged (stainless)	1
	518.172.156E	Manifold, Discharge - DIN Style Flanged (aluminum)	1
	518.172.110E	Manifold, Discharge - DIN Style Flanged (stainless)	1
38	722.090.150	Seat, Check Ball - Aluminum (requires 8 qty Item #39)	4
	722.090.110	Seat, Check Ball - Stainless (requires 8 qty Item #39)	4
③⑨	560.105.360	Seal, O-ring - Buna (used with Item #38)	8
	560.105.363	Seal, O-ring - FKM (Viton) (used with Item #38)	8
	560.105.364	Seal, O-ring - EPDM (used with Item #38)	8
	560.105.365	Seal, O-ring - Neoprene (used with Item #38)	8
	720.055.608	Seal, PTFE (used with Item #38)	8

LEGEND:

- = Items contained within Air End Kits
- = Items contained within Wet End Kits

Note: Kits contain components specific to the material codes.

⚠ ATEX Compliant

Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

000.....Assembly, sub-assembly;
and some purchased items

010.....Cast Iron

015.....Ductile Iron

020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron

080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112

110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel

111.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
(Electro Polished)

112.....Alloy C

113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
(Hand Polished)

114.....303 Stainless Steel

115.....302/304 Stainless Steel

117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)

120.....416 Stainless Steel
(Wrought Martensitic)

148.....Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum

150.....6061-T6 Aluminum

152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)

155.....356-T6 Aluminum

156.....356-T6 Aluminum

157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380

158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319

162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock

165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5

166.....Bronze, SAE 660

170.....Bronze, Bearing Type,
Oil Impregnated

180.....Copper Alloy

305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated

306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated

307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated

308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated

309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated

313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated

330.....Zinc Plated Steel

332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated

333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless
Nickel Plated

335.....Galvanized Steel

337.....Silver Plated Steel

351.....Food Grade Santoprene®

353.....Geolast; Color: Black

354.....Injection Molded #203-40
Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5;
Color: RED

356.....Hytrel®

357.....Injection Molded Polyurethane

358.....Urethane Rubber
(Some Applications)
(Compression Mold)

359.....Urethane Rubber

360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED

363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon)
Color coded: YELLOW

364.....EPDM Rubber
Color coded: BLUE

365.....Neoprene Rubber
Color coded: GREEN

366.....Food Grade Nitrile

368.....Food Grade EPDM

371.....Philthane (Tuftane)

374.....Carboxylated Nitrile

375.....Fluorinated Nitrile

378.....High Density Polypropylene

379.....Conductive Nitrile

408.....Cork and Neoprene

425.....Compressed Fibre

426.....Blue Gard

440.....Vegetable Fibre

500.....Delrin® 500

502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800

503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled

506.....Delrin® 150

520.....Injection Molded PVDF
Natural color

540.....Nylon

542.....Nylon

544.....Nylon Injection Molded

550.....Polyethylene

551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene

552.....Unfilled Polypropylene

555.....Polyvinyl Chloride

556.....Black Vinyl

557.....Unfilled Conductive Polypropylene

558.....Conductive HDPE

559.....Glass Filled - Conductive Polypropylene

570.....Rulon II®

580.....Ryton®

600.....PTFE (virgin material)
Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)

603.....Blue Gylon®

604.....PTFE

606.....PTFE

607.....Envelon

608.....Conductive PTFE

610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon

611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM

632.....Neoprene/Hytrel®

633.....FKM/PTFE

634.....EPDM/PTFE

635.....Neoprene/PTFE

637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE

638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE

639.....Nitrile/TFE

643.....Santoprene®/EPDM

644.....Santoprene®/PTFE

656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and
Check Balls/EPDM Seats

661.....EPDM/Santoprene®

666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals

668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

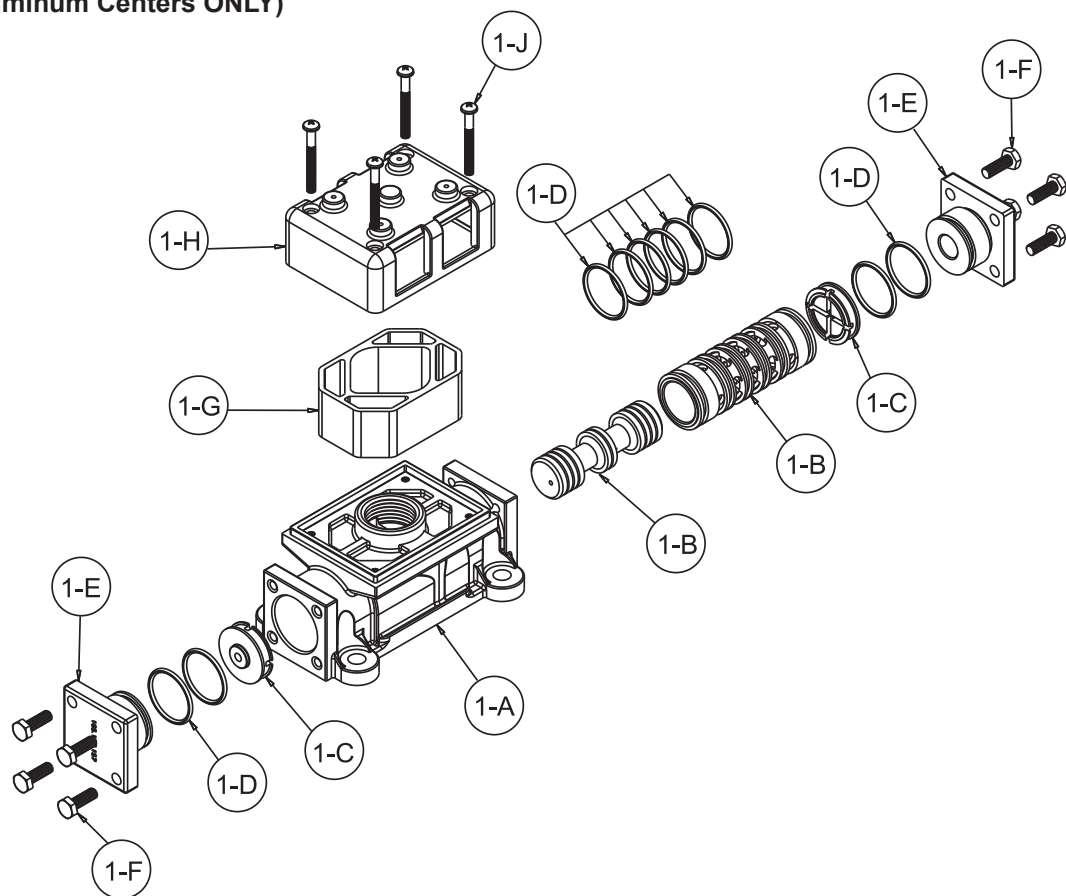
- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock, Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixon Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

RECYCLING

Warren Rupp is an ISO14001 registered company and is committed to minimizing the impact our products have on the environment. Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed. Pump users that recycle will gain the satisfaction to know that their discarded part(s) or pump will not end up in a landfill. The recyclability of SANDPIPER products is a vital part of Warren Rupp's commitment to environmental stewardship.

Air Distribution Valve Assembly

(Use with Aluminum Centers ONLY)



Air Distribution Valve Servicing

See repair parts drawing, remove screws.

Step 1: Remove Hex Head Cap Screws (1-F).

Step 2: Remove end cap (1-E).

Step 3: Remove spool part of (1-B) (caution: do not scratch).

Step 4: Press sleeve (1-B) from body (1-A).

Step 5: Inspect O-Ring (1-D) and replace if necessary.

Step 6: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1-D) on sleeve (1-B).

Step 7: Press sleeve (1-B) into body (1-A).

Step 8: Reassemble in reverse order, starting with step 3.

Note: Sleeve and spool (1-B) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1-B) cannot be interchanged.

Air Valve Assembly Parts List

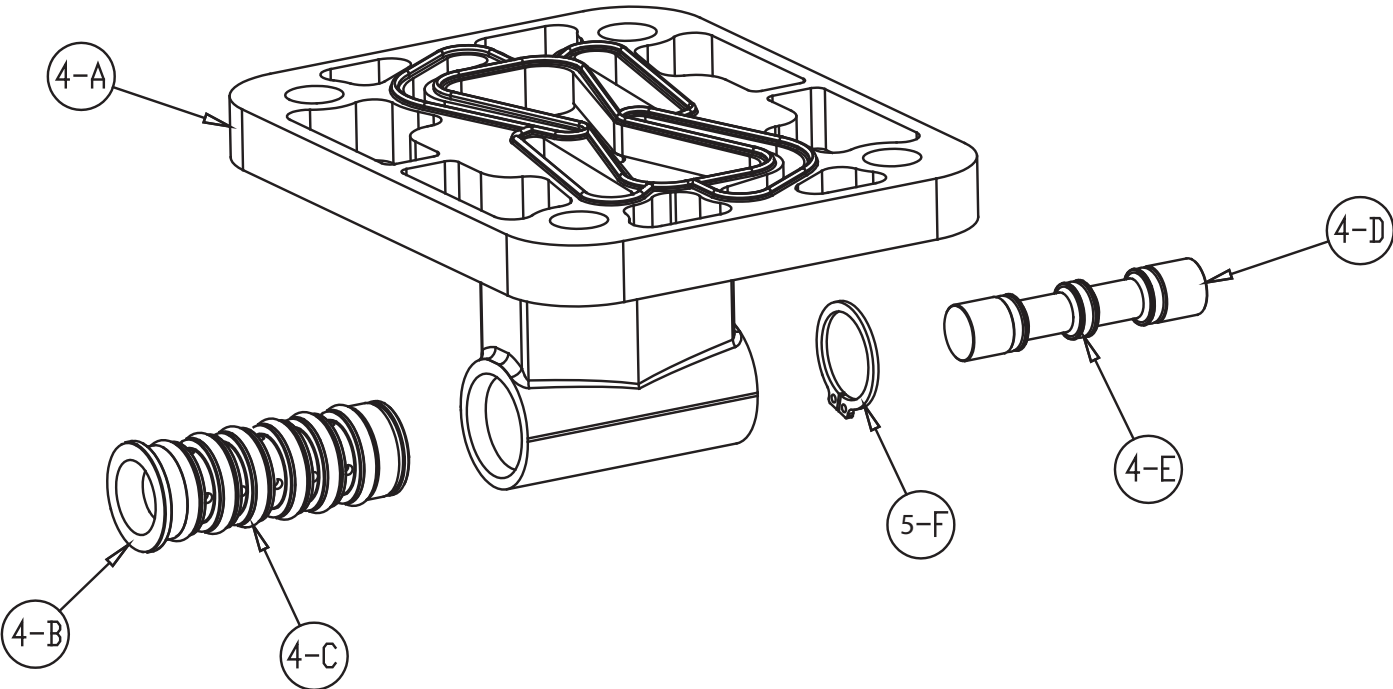
Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031-173-002	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	095-109-157	Body, Air Valve	1
1-B	031-139-000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
1-C	132-029-552	Bumper	2
1-D	560-020-360	O-Ring	10
1-E	165-127-157	Cap, End	2
1-F	170-032-115	Hex Head Capscrew	8
1-G	530-028-550	Muffler	1
1-H	165-096-559	Muffler Cap	1
1-J	706-026-115	Machine Screw	4

! IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

Pilot Valve Assembly



4: AIR END

Pilot Valve Servicing

With Pilot Valve removed from pump.

- Step 1:** Remove snap ring (4-F).
- Step 2:** Remove sleeve (4-B), inspect O-Rings (4-C), replace if required.
- Step 3:** Remove spool (4-D) from sleeve (4-B), inspect O-Rings (4E), replace if required.
- Step 4:** Lightly lubricate O-Rings (4-C) and (4-E).

Reassemble in reverse order.

Pilot Valve Assembly Parts List

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
4	095-110-000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
4-A	095-095-157	Valve Body	1
4-B	755-052-000	Sleeve (With O-Rings)	1
4-C	560-033-360	O-Ring (Sleeve)	6
4-D	775-055-000	Spool (With O-Rings)	1
4-E	560-023-360	O-Ring (Spool)	3
4-F	675-037-080	Retaining Ring	1

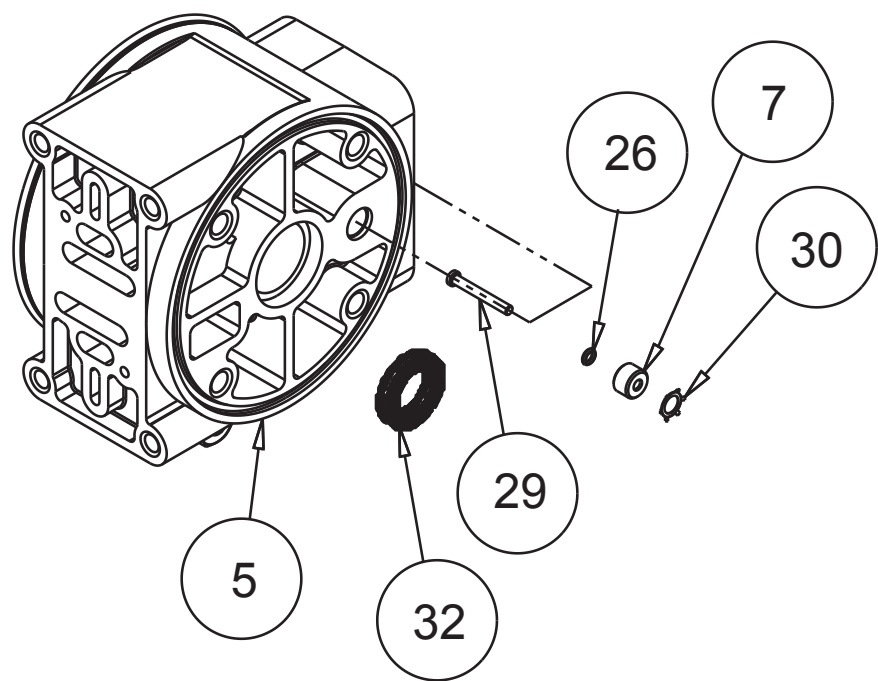
For Pumps with Cast Iron Center Section

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
4	095-110-558	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
4-A	095-095-558	Valve Body	1
(includes all other items used on 095-110-000)			

For Pumps with Stainless Steel Center Section

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
4	095-110-110	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
4-A	095-095-110	Valve Body	1
(includes all other items used on 095-110-000)			

Intermediate Assembly Drawing




Intermediate Assembly Drawing

- Step 1:** Remove plunger, actuator (29) from center of intermediate pilot valve cavity.
- Step 2:** Remove Ring, Retaining (30), discard.
- Step 3:** Remove bushing, plunger (7), inspect for wear and replace if necessary with genuine parts.
- Step 4:** Remove O-Ring (26), inspect for wear and replace if necessary with genuine parts.
- Step 5:** Lightly lubricate O-Ring (26) and insert into intermediate.
- Step 6:** Reassemble in reverse order.
- Step 7:** Remove Seal, Diaphragm Rod (32).
- Step 8:** Clean seal area, lightly lubricate and install new Seal, Diaphragm Rod (32).

Intermediate Repair Parts List

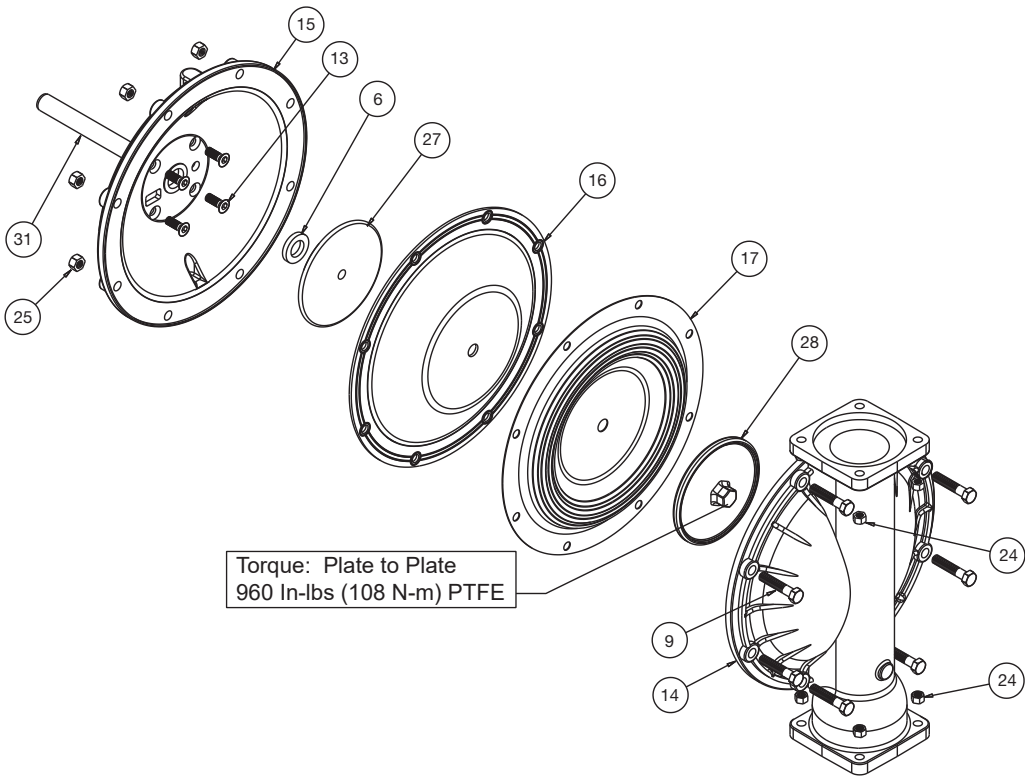
Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
5	114.024.157	Bracket, Intermediate	1
	114.024.010	Bracket, Intermediate	1
	114.024.110	Bracket, Intermediate	1
7	135.034.506	Bushing, Plunger	2
26	560.001.360	O-Ring	2
29	620.020.115	Plunger, Actuator	2
30	675.042.115	Ring, Retaining*	2
32	720.004.360	Seal, Diaphragm Rod	2

***Note:** It is recommended that when plunger components are serviced, new retaining rings be installed.

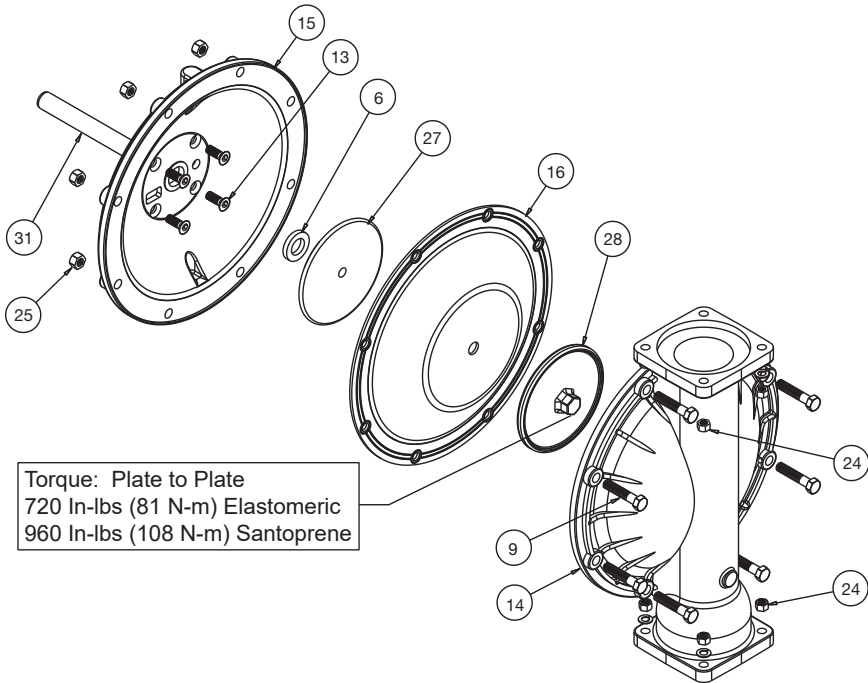
**IMPORTANT**

When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. In the event of a diaphragm failure a complete rebuild of the center section is recommended.

Diaphragm Service Drawing, with Overlay



Diaphragm Service Drawing, Non-Overlay



Diaphragm Servicing

Step 1: With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod. **DO NOT** use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

Step 1.A: NOTE: Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks.

Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

Step 2: Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Sandpiper product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate.

Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

Step 3: On non-overlay fitted pumps, lightly lubricate the inner faces of both inner and outer diaphragm plates with a compatible material (EPDM use water or soapy water). Pumps with overlays, no lubrication is required.

Step 4: Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm.

Note: Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side. S05, S07, and S10 non-metallic units are installed with the natural bulge in towards the air side.

Step 5: Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view.

Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

Step 7: Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews.

Step 8: On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. **NEVER** reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

Step 9: Complete assembly of entire unit.

IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Warren Rupp, Inc. ("Warren Rupp") warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Warren Rupp that bears a Warren Rupp brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Warren Rupp's factory. Warren Rupp brands include Warren Rupp®, SANDPIPER®, SANDPIPER Signature Series™, MARATHON®, Porta-Pump®, SludgeMaster™ and Tranquilizer®.

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

~ See sandpiperpump.com/content/warranty-certifications for complete warranty, including terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions. ~



EC Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:
Warren Rupp, Inc.
800 N. Main Street
Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Models: DSB Series, DMF Series, G Series, HDB Series, HDF Series, HP Series, F Series, MS Series, S Series, SL Series, SP Series, SSB Series, T Series, U1F Series, WR Series; High Pressure Pump Models: EH Series, GH Series, SH Series; Submersible Pump Models: SMA3 Series, SPA Series; and Surge Dampener/Suppressor Models: DA Series, TA Series comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN809:2012, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

October 3, 2022

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE:

Technical File on record with:
DEKRA Certification B.V.
Meander 1051
6825 MJ Arnhem
The Netherlands

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Dennis Hall".

Signature of authorized person

Dennis Hall

Printed name of authorized person

Engineering Manager

Title





EC Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:
Warren Rupp, Inc.
800 N. Main Street
Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Models: DSB Series, DMF Series, G Series, HDB Series, HDF Series, HP Series, F Series, MS Series, S Series, SL Series, SP Series, SSB Series, T Series, U1F Series, WR Series; High Pressure Pump Models: EH Series, GH Series, SH Series; Submersible Pump Models: SMA3 Series, SPA Series; and Surge Dampener/Suppressor Models: DA Series, TA Series comply with the United Kingdom Statutory Instruments 2008 No. 1597, The Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Designated Standard EN809:2012, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

October 17, 2022

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE:

Technical File on record with:
DEKRA Certification UK Limited
Stokenchurch House
Oxford Road
Stokenchurch
HP14 3SX

Signature of authorized person

Dennis Hall

Printed name of authorized person

Engineering Manager

Title



SCAN ME

Register Your Pump



ATEX



EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc.
A Unit of IDEX Corporation
800 North Main Street
Mansfield, OH 44902 USA

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. Warren Rupp, Inc. declares that Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps (AODD) and Surge Suppressors listed below comply with the requirements of Directive **2014/34/EU** and applicable harmonized standards.

Harmonized Standards:

- EN ISO 80079-36: 2016
- EN ISO 80079-37: 2016
- EN 60079-25: 2010

1. AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors - Technical File on record with DEKRA Certification B.V.
Meander 1051
6825 MJ Arnhem
The Netherlands

Hazardous Location Applied:



- II 2 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Gb
- II 2 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Db
- Metallic pump models with external aluminum components (DMF Series, EH Series, F Series, G & GH Series, HDB Series, HDF Series, MS Series, S Series, SH Series, SL Series, SPB Series, ST Series, T Series, and U1F Series)
- Conductive plastic pump models with integral muffler (PB1/4 Series, S Series, SL Series, SPE Series)
- Tranquilizer® surge suppressors (TA Series)



- II 2 G Ex h IIB T5...225°C (T2) Gb
- II 2 D Ex h IIIB T100°C...T200°C Db
- ST Series with sight tubes (VL) and HP Series because of the projected area of non-conductive external components

2. AODD Pumps - EU Type Examination Certificate No.: DEKRA 18ATEX0094X - DEKRA Certification B.V. (0344)
Meander 1051
6825 MJ Arnhem
The Netherlands

Hazardous Location Applied:



- I M1 Ex h I Ma
- II 1 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Ga
- II 1 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Da
- Metallic pump models with no external aluminum (HDB Series, HDF Series, G Series, S Series, SPB Series)
- Conductive plastic pumps equipped with conductive muffler (S Series, SPE Series)



- II 2 G Ex h ia IIC T5 Gb
- II 2 D Ex h ia IIIC T100°C Db
- Pump models with ATEX rated pulse output kit option (HDB Series, HDF Series, PB1/4, S Series, SB Series)



- II 2 G Ex h mb IIC T5 Gb
- II 2 D Ex h mb IIIC T100°C Db
- Pump model series S05, S1F, S15, S20, S30 equipped with ATEX rated integral solenoid option

- See "ATEX Details" page in user's manual for more information
- See "Safety Information" page for conditions of safe use

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE:
9 NOV 2023

Dennis Hall
Engineering Manager



UKEx



EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc.
A Unit of IDEX Corporation
800 North Main Street
Mansfield, OH 44902 USA

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

Warren Rupp, Inc declares that Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps (AODD) and Surge Suppressors listed below comply with the requirements of United Kingdom Statutory Instruments **2016 No. 1107** and all the applicable standards.

Designated Standards:

- EN ISO 80079-36: 2016
- EN ISO 80079-37: 2016
- EN 60079-25: 2010

1. AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors - Technical File on record with: DEKRA Certification UK Limited
Stokenchurch House
Oxford Road
Stokenchurch
HP14 3SX

Hazardous Location Applied:



II 2 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Gb

II 2 D Ex h IIC T100°C...T200°C Db

- Metallic pump models with external aluminum components (DMF Series, EH Series, F Series, G & GH Series, HDB Series, HDF Series, MS Series, S Series, SH Series, SL Series, SPB Series, ST Series, T Series, and U1F Series)
- Conductive plastic pump models with integral muffler (PB1/4 Series, S Series, SL Series, SPE Series)
- Tranquilizer® surge suppressors (TA Series)



II 2 G Ex h IIB T5...225°C (T2) Gb

II 2 D Ex h IIB T100°C...T200°C Db

- ST Series with sight tubes (VL) and HP Series because of the projected area of non-conductive external components

- See "ATEX Details" page in user's manual for more information
- See "Safety Information" page for conditions of safe use

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE:
9 NOV 2023

Dennis Hall
Engineering Manager